

HOPE 101: Spreading Hope

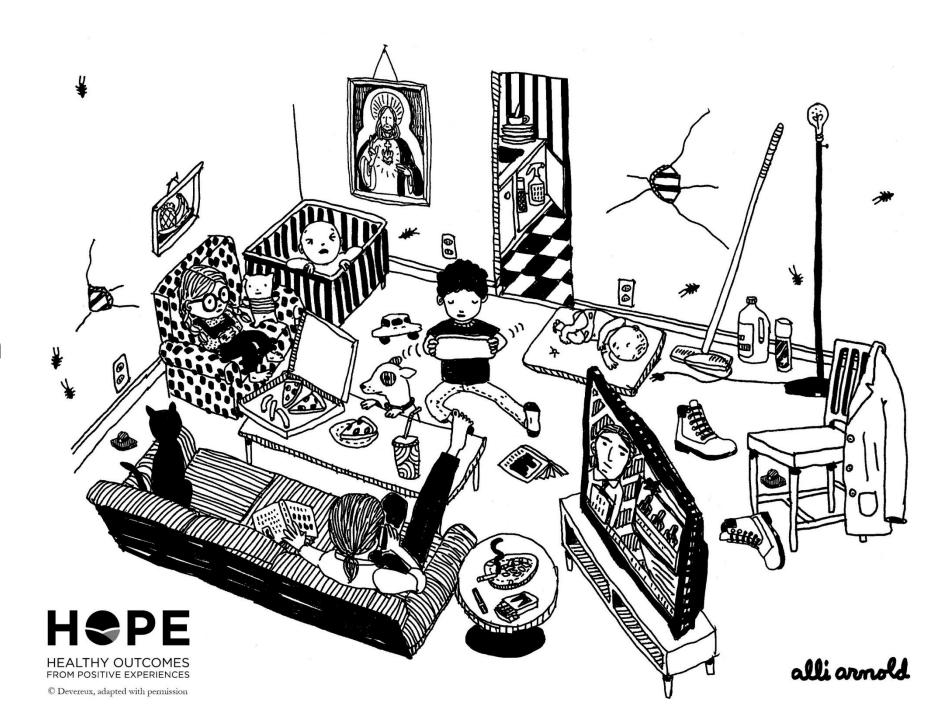
Presented by Certified Trainer:

Claudia Raymer, MA

Wheeling, WV



Please share what stands out to you in this picture in the chat box. What do you see?





Poll

Which did you notice first?

- A. Protective factors
- B. Risk factors
- C. They were about the same





Type 1 vs. Type 2 thinking

Type 1 thinking

- ✓ Fast, intuitive, unconscious thought
- ✓ Everyday activities
- Effortless
- ✓ Training and experience
- ✓ Implicit bias



Type 2 thinking

- ✓ Slow, calculating, conscious Solving a problem
- ✓ Takes more effort!
- ✓ Something novel
- ✓ Perceiving variability
- ✓ Perspective taking





17 x 24 is ...

A bat and a ball together cost \$1.10. The bat costs a dollar more than the ball. How much does the ball cost?



Spreading HOPE







Why HOPE Exists

Positive experiences help children grow into more resilient, healthier adults. HOPE aims to better understand and support these key experiences.



Core assumption

from the Science of the Positive:

The positive exists, it is real and worth growing.

Positive experiences:

- Promote children's health and well-being
- Allow children to form strong relationships and connections
- Cultivate positive self-image and self-worth
- Provide a sense of belonging
- Build skills that promote resilience





Many systems focus on the negative

Screening tools, many of which codify implicit bias, create a presumption of deficit

HOPE shifts the narrative: people are defined by their strengths as well as their challenges.

HOPE creates a presumption of strength





Poll

How much do you know about Positive Childhood Experiences (PCEs)?

- A. Nothing what are PCEs?
- B. A little I have heard the term before.
- C. More than a little but probably still have a lot to learn.
- D. I am well versed in PCEs and their effects on health.
- E. I am a PCEs expert!





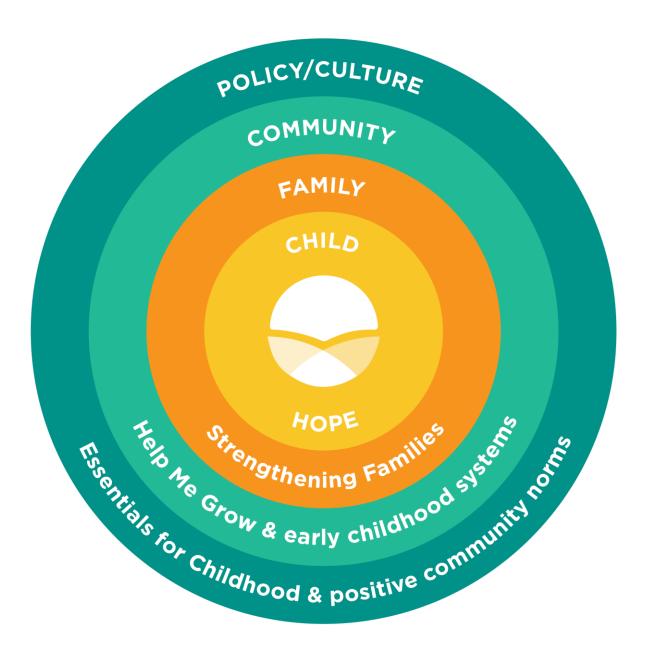
Strengths-based,
Child-centered,
Family-led innovating
around promoting
access to the Four
Building Blocks







HOPE focuses on the child







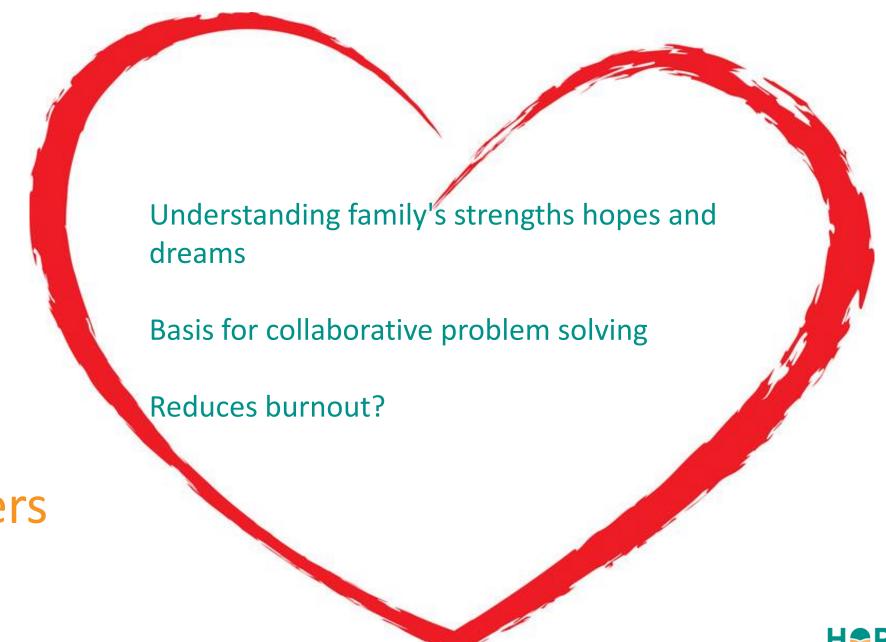
Common Framework

HOPE links related ideas









Helps Providers



Promotes human dignity

- 1. Start with data
- 2. Engage the community
- 3. Prioritize and change policy









2015 population study in Wisconsin

Part of the BRFSS

Asked about ACEs

Asked about Positive Childhood experiences

Correlated with mental health

Developing the Positive Childhood Experiences (PCEs) score



Drs. Pecora, Jones, Klika, Linkenbach, Sege



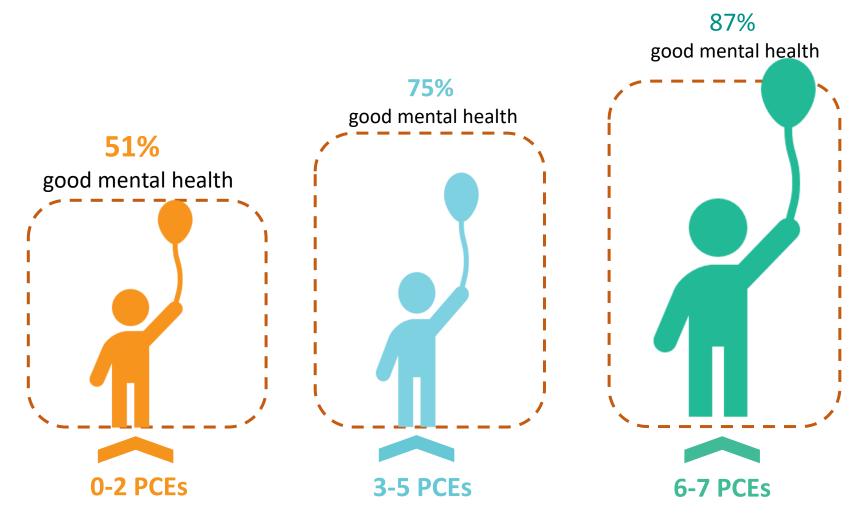
Positive Childhood Experiences scale questions

As a child, how often did you ...

- 1. Feel able to talk to your family about feelings
- 2. Feel your family stood by you during difficult times
- 3. Enjoy participating in community traditions
- 4. Feel a sense of belonging in high school
- 5. Feel supported by friends
- 6. Have at least two non-parent adults who took genuine interest in you
- 7. Feel safe and protected by an adult in your home



Positive Childhood Experiences (PCEs) Protect Adult Mental Health



Good mental health – those not reporting depression or poor mental health



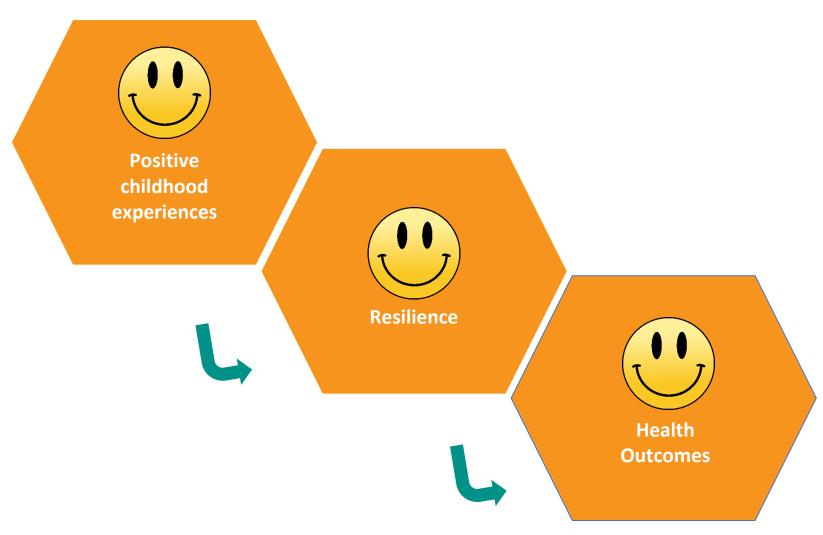


Research indicates that the absence of PCEs may be more damaging to long-term health outcomes than the presence of ACEs.





PCEs can positively affect adult health















Relationships with other children and with other adults through interpersonal activities.

Safe, equitable, stable environments for living, playing, learning at home and in school.

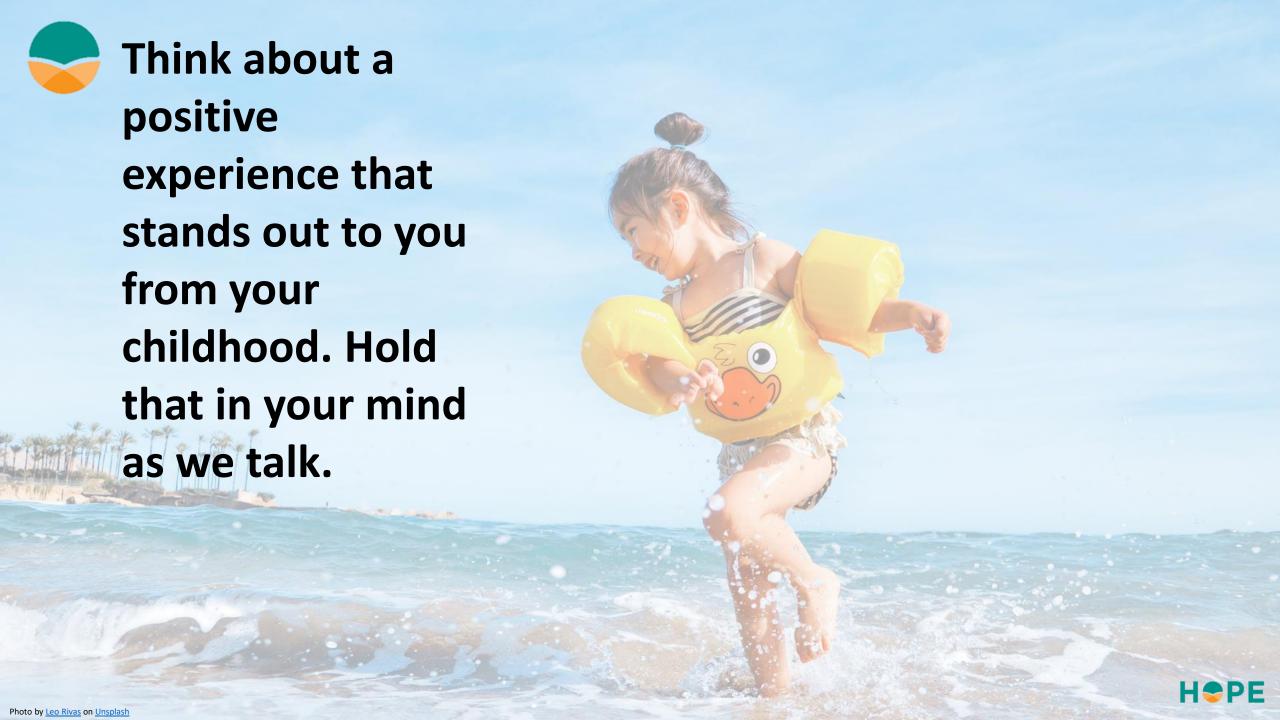
social and civic engagement to develop a sense of belonging and connectedness.

Emotional growth through playing and interacting with peers for self-awareness and self-regulation.

The Four Building Blocks of HOPE









Relationships

The Four Building Blocks of HOPE



Relationships with other children and adults through interpersonal activities.

What types of relationships are we talking about?

- Foundational relationships with parents/caregivers who respond to a child's needs and offer warm, responsive interactions
- Adults outside the family who take a genuine interest in a child and support their growth and development
- - Healthy, close, and positive relationships with peers







Jamboard:

Ideas about promoting relationships through your work





Environment

The Four Building Blocks of HOPE



Safe, equitable, stable environments for living, playing, learning at home and in school.

What do we mean by safe, stable, and equitable environments?

- Adequate food, shelter, and healthcare
- A nurturing home where a child is emotionally secure
- A stable school environment where children feel valued and receive high-quality education
- A community environment to play and interact with other children safely and equitably







Jamboard:

Ideas about promoting the environment building block through your work

Safe, equitable, stable environments for living, playing, learning at home and in school.





Engagement

The Four Building Blocks of HOPE



Social and civic engagement to develop a sense of belonging and connectedness.

What are some examples of social and civic (community) engagement?

- Being involved in projects, peermentoring, or community service
- Partaking in family cultural traditions
- Participating in organized music, art, or sports







Use the Chat Box:

Ideas about promoting the building block of engagement through your work





Emotional Growth

The Four Building Blocks of HOPE



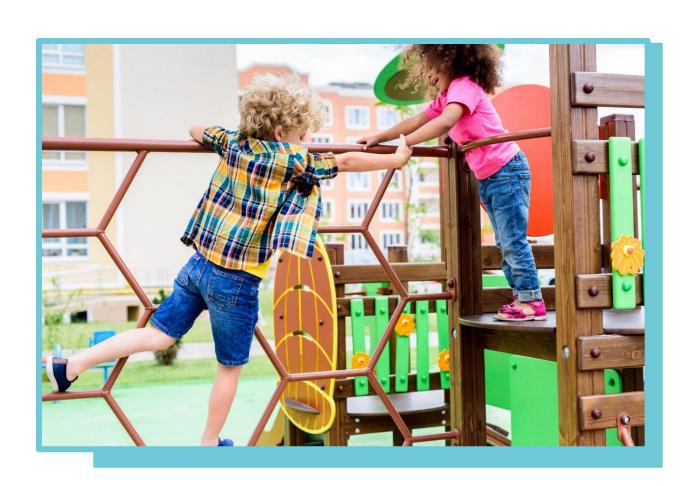
Emotional growth through playing and interacting with peers for self-awareness and self regulation.

What do we mean by opportunities for social and emotional growth?

- -Developing a sense of emotional and behavioral self-regulation
- Having the ability to respond to challenges in a productive manner
- Developing key socially and culturally appropriate communication and interpersonal skills





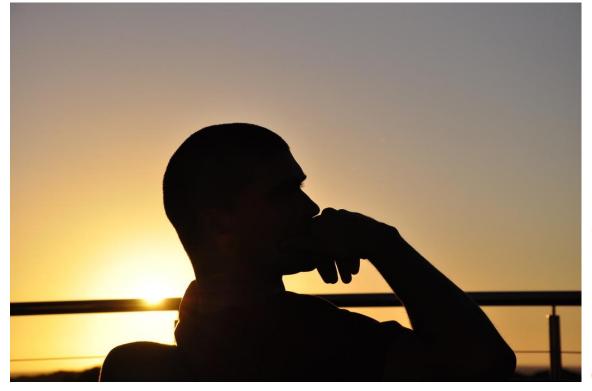


Use the chat box:

Ideas about promoting the building block of **emotional growth** through your work







Building Blocks

- 1. Relationships
- 2. Environment
- 3. Social and civic engagement
- 4. Social and emotional growth





Poll

How much do you know about Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs)?

- A. Nothing what are ACEs?
- B. A little I have heard the term before.
- C. More than a little but probably still have a lot to learn.
- D. I am well versed in ACEs and their effects on health.
- E. I am an ACEs expert!





ACEs and PCEs

ACEs

1998 study of employed people in SouthernCalifornia

Patients answered

questions about their childhood

Correlated with mental

and physical health

PCEs

2015 population study in

Wisconsin

Part of the Behavioral

Risk Factor Surveillance
Survey

Asked about ACEs

Asked about Positive

Childhood experiences

Correlated with mental

health



Table 1. Demographic Characteristics of Participants in the Kaiser Study and BRFSS ACE Suvey, and Philadelphia Residents, 18 years and older, 2013

Kaiser Study		BRFSS ACE Survey		Philadelphia Residents	
Race		Race		Race	
White	74.8% (n=12,968)	White, non- Hispanic	75% (N=19,770)	White	38.8% (N=466,677)
Black	4.6% (n=798)	Black, non- Hispanic	10% (N=2,662)	Black	36.1% (N=434,312)
Hispanic	11.2% (n=1,942)	Hispanic	8.5% (N=2,217)	Latino	11.4% (N=136,697)
Asian	7.2% (n=1,248)	Other, non- Hispanic	5% (N=1,381)	Asian	6.2% (N=74,916)
Other	1.9% (n=329)			Biracial	7.4% (N=88,939)
Education		Education		Education	
Not HS graduate	7.2% (n=1,248)	<high school<="" td=""><td>10% (N=2,646)</td><td><high school<="" td=""><td>20.0% (N=202,166)</td></high></td></high>	10% (N=2,646)	<high school<="" td=""><td>20.0% (N=202,166)</td></high>	20.0% (N=202,166)
HS graduate	17.6% (n=3,051)	High school	28% (N=7,379)	HS graduate	35.7% (N=359,983)
Some college	35.9% (n=6,224)	> High school	62% (N=16,175)	Some college	21.8% (N=220,191)
College graduate or higher	39.3% (n=6,813)			College graduate	22.5% (N=226,748)
All Participants	17,337		26,229	Total Residents	1,201,541

Data Source: Felitti, et al. " and Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and Nielsen-Claritas
2013 Pop-Facts Database. Prepared by the Research and Evaluation Group at PHMC



Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs)

The three types of ACEs include

ABUSE

NEGLECT

HOUSEHOLD DYSFUNCTION



Physical



Physical



Mental Illness



Incarcerated Relative



Emotional



Emotional



Mother treated violently



Substance Abuse



Sexual



Divorce





Adverse Community Environments are the root causes of ACEs

The Pair of ACEs

Adverse Childhood Experiences



Ellis, W., Dietz, W. (2017) A New Framework for Addressing Adverse Childhood and Community Experiences: The Building Community Resilience (BCR) Model. Academic Pediatrics. 17 (2017) pp. S86-S93. DOI information: 10.1016/j.acap.2016.12.011



Adversity and the Building Blocks of HOPE









Child Abuse & Neglect...

Disrupts foundational

relationships

Disrupts safe home

environments

Family Disruption...

Disrupts safe

environments (home and

SDoH)

Adverse Community

Environments...

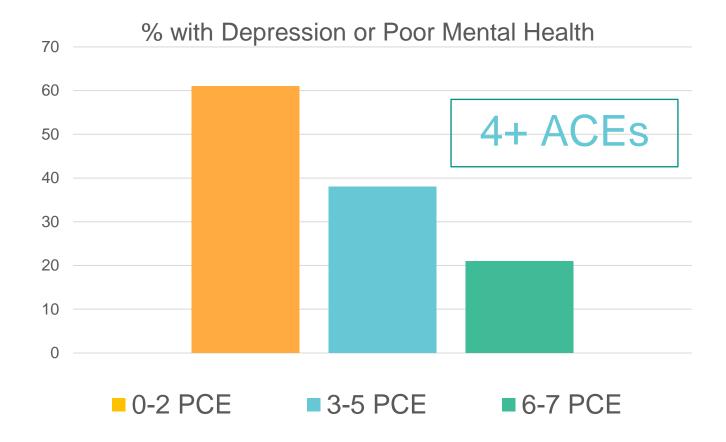
Reduce *engagement*

Reduce opportunities for

emotional growth (peer

play)

Positive Childhood Experiences Mitigate ACEs Effects

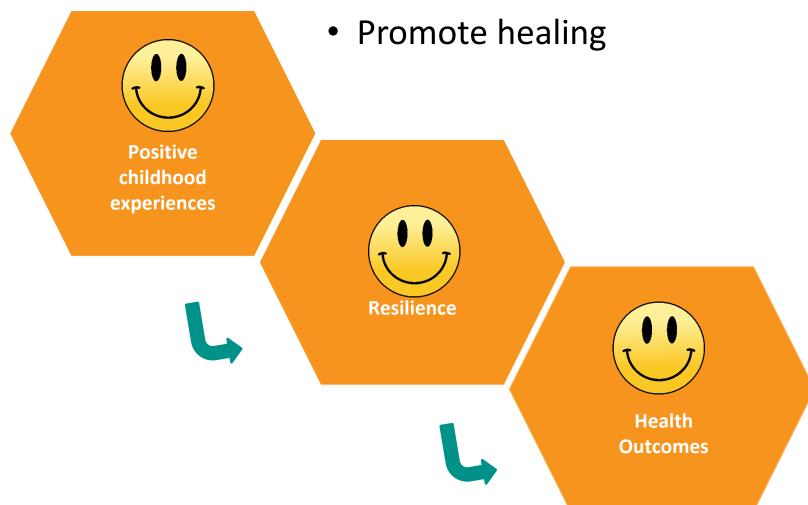






Positive Childhood Experiences:

- Prevent ACEs
- Block toxic stress







 PCEs protect adult mental health...even in the face of ACEs.

What does that mean to you?





HOPE-informed Resources and Referrals

Let's promote access to the Building Blocks! Breakout Rooms

- How does YOUR community define this Building Block?
- How do you know? If you aren't sure, how can you find out?
- Go round robin sharing ways you do or can promote access to this Building Block and referrals to partner organizations that also promote access.





Discuss

Anything surprising?

Are there Building Blocks that are easier to connect to? Harder to connect to?

Are you stumped? Do you need suggestions? Throw it out to the group!







Families are Resilient. HOPE celebrates their strengths.







Moments of HOPE

Moments of HOPE can occur:

In each encounter

During intake and assessments

When sharing referrals or community resources

When creating or revising policies

When designing programming





What will you do in the next 30 days?



https://form.jotform.com/220094754908057



urce walks the reader through the process of thinking about policy and





https://positiveexperience.org/resources/

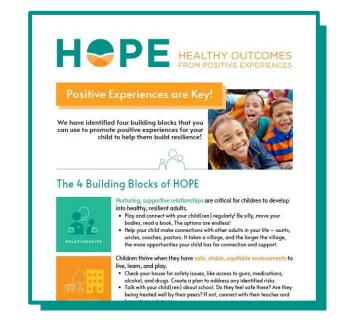




Many of us are concerned about increased stress for our children and families, especially during COVID-19. We aren't powerless, though, and the unique circumstances of our current environment actually allow for new ways to engage and connect with our children. Using HOPE (Healthy Outcomes from Positive Experiences) as a guide, here are 10 suggestions to promote Positive Childhood Experiences now:

- Think about social connection and physical distance, not social distance. The new way
 of the world ironically allows for increased connections with friends and loved ones far
 away. Take advantage of the extra time at home by having virtual story-time with
 Grandma, trivia night with cousins, or Zoom holiday dinners.
- 2. Talk with your children. Like us, children may be fearful or simply missing their routines. Connect with them. Ask them about their concerns. Their answers will guide you on how to talk with them. Reassure them that life will return to some semblance of normal at some point.
- Reach out for support when you need it! Model for your child that everyone needs help sometimes, and it's ok to ask for it when you need it.
- Reach out to support. Reach out to your friends or relatives, encourage your children to touch base with their friends, and check in on how they're feeling. Increase





Join us in the HOPE transformation

LEARN

Visit our website

Download our material

Watch our videos

Complete our online modules

SHARE

Tell your colleagues

for a workshop about implementing HOPE

ACT

Sign up for a Train the Facilitator

Use the Anti-racism Toolkit to increase access to the 4 Building Blocks in your community

Revise your intake and assessment forms to be HOPE-informed





Spreading







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